

The A. P. of 11. Weekly news...
...and such other information that
will benefit the trade union
movement.

VOL. 6, NO. 33.

WHAT IMMIGRATION SHOWS

Washington, Nov. 11.—The bureau of immigration has just published a report showing the number of immigrants that arrived for September. The number is 28,256, out of a total of 100,000 compared with July, which showed 9,878. The report shows that the number of immigrants from Italy, 5,729, Greece is a close second with 5,441, while England is last with 3,652. The number of French, Irish, and Hebrews, a group closely united, are 2,895, 2,895, and 2,895 respectively.

During July there were 13,310 immigrants from Italy, 11,260 from Greece, while England supplied us with 3,813, or 10 per cent greater than for September. The French, Irish, Mexicans, and others are closely grouped, with a total of 5,438. From the same countries came only 5,438 for September, 16,550 for July.

The total number of immigrants reaching the country is 100,000. The statistics have been kept, ending July 31, 1916. The number of immigrants from Italy, 5,729, Greece is a close second with 5,441, while England is last with 3,652. The number of French, Irish, and Hebrews, a group closely united, are 2,895, 2,895, and 2,895 respectively.

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STRIKE FOR INCREASED WAGES

Hidlevay, Pa., Nov. 11.—The 500 employees of the Eagle Valley Coal and Coke Company are on strike for increased wages. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

GET 50 CENTS A DAY MORE.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 11.—The signing of a new schedule between the employees of the Denver Tramway Company and the company has been completed. The new schedule provides for a 50 cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

WANT TO PLACATE THEM.

Phoenixville, Pa., Nov. 11.—Notices have been posted, pointing out the importance of the Phoenix Iron Works Company. The company is a large manufacturing concern. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

BANKS ARE PROSPEROUS.

Washington, Nov. 11.—Reports of National banks' condition on September 12, 1916, show a total of \$141,000,000, or \$10,000,000 greater than ever before. The increase is due to a 10 per cent increase in deposits and a 10 per cent increase in loans. The banks are in a prosperous condition. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

ANOTHER WAGE BOOST.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 11.—Commencing on the first of the month, the employees of the Denver Tramway Company will receive a 50 cent increase in wages. The company has agreed to a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

GIVEN TEN YEARS.

San Francisco, Nov. 11.—Homer Wages, a colored strikebreaker, who on June 11, 1916, was sentenced to ten years in the state prison for a crime committed in the water front, shot and killed Thomas O. Wages, a strikebreaker, who was sentenced to ten years in the state prison for a crime committed in the water front. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

FEDERAL EMPLOYEES UNION.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Nov. 11.—A Federal Employees Union has been formed of the men working in the custom and immigration service of the Customs and Border Protection. The union is a large manufacturing concern. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

MINERS WAGES BOOSTED.

Fairmont, W. Va., Nov. 11.—Ten thousand bituminous coal miners in this region have been granted a 10 per cent increase in wages. The company has agreed to a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

WASHINGTON, D. C. SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1916.

TRADE UNION HEALTH INSURANCE

By Samuel Gompers, in American Federationist.

Every organization that assumes responsibility for sick and death benefits at once opens up even a larger problem. These benefits can be made less onerous financially by instituting preventive measures, the constructive side, or the preventive of disease. The chief agency for disease prevention is the dissemination of information. All too many of our people are ignorant of the fundamental facts of hygiene and disease prevention. There are in every trade special dangers to life; some of these are inherently a part of the process of production, and others can be readily eliminated by a little planning and foresight on the use of improved devices by employers.

If the workers themselves have sufficient information to make demands upon their employers, they can do much to create conditions that are conducive to good health. If they are sufficiently ardent to their interests to make demands upon public health authorities that these authorities supply them with necessary information as to industrial and physical hygiene, they will be readily available for consideration of general information on the subject that will go far toward eradicating the present general ignorance.

REFUSED TO WORK OVERTIME.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 11.—The draftsmen employed in the navy yard refused to work overtime. They were working for three additional hours at the rate of \$1.00 per hour. The men refused to work overtime. They were working for three additional hours at the rate of \$1.00 per hour. The men refused to work overtime. They were working for three additional hours at the rate of \$1.00 per hour. The men refused to work overtime. They were working for three additional hours at the rate of \$1.00 per hour.

PREPARING FOR BATTLE.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 11.—The formation of the State Building Trades Council of Massachusetts, which was initiated early in the month, is now in the process of being completed. The council is a large manufacturing concern. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

STRIKEBREAKERS REPORTED.

Niagara Falls, Ontario, Nov. 11.—Since the latter part of June the carpenters employed by the Niagara Falls Power Company have been on strike. The company has reported the names of several strikebreakers. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

FORCED TO PAY THE SCALE.

San Francisco, Nov. 11.—Timothy Harkin, president of the Board of Public Works, has been forced to pay the scale of wages for the city. The company has agreed to a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

BARBERS STRUCK FOR INCREASE.

Paterson, N. J., Nov. 11.—The barbers struck when the houses refused to pay them for their services. The company has agreed to a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

THERE IS NO LABOR SHORTAGE.

New York, Nov. 11.—The report of the local office of the State Bureau of Employment shows that there is no labor shortage. The company has agreed to a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

TEN PER CENT MORE PAY.

Puerto, R. I., Nov. 11.—Electrical workers have signed up an agreement for a 10 per cent increase in wages. The company has agreed to a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

PRESSMEN'S NEW SCALE.

Edmonton, Alberta, Nov. 11.—After long negotiations Pressmen's union has signed an agreement with the newspaper publishers. The company has agreed to a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

LATHERS FORM A UNION.

Joplin, Mo., Nov. 11.—The lathers of this city have formed a union which includes both the lathers and the plasterers. The company has agreed to a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

ADOPTED A NEW SCALE.

Philadelphia, Nov. 11.—Typographical union No. 2 adopted a new scale which became effective November 1 in the book and newspaper industry. The company has agreed to a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours. The strike is the result of a dispute over wages and hours. The company offers a 10 per cent increase in wages and a 10 per cent increase in hours. The employees demand a 20 per cent increase in wages and a 20 per cent increase in hours.

AGITATE!
EDUCATE!
ORGANIZE!
WHOLE NO. 293.

ASSAULT LABOR INJUNCTIONS.

Quincy, Ill., Nov. 11.—Curtis, Judge, and the law of precedent were assailed by John F. Chisholm, editor of the Quincy Herald-Examiner, in an address at the thirty-fourth annual convention of the Illinois Labor Council. The speaker said that there was an attack on the injunction as applied in labor disputes. The speaker said that there was an attack on the injunction as applied in labor disputes. The speaker said that there was an attack on the injunction as applied in labor disputes.

PATTERN MAKERS' VICTORY.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 11.—On February 11, 1916, a pattern maker in the city of Detroit was killed by a falling piece of machinery. The pattern maker was killed by a falling piece of machinery. The pattern maker was killed by a falling piece of machinery. The pattern maker was killed by a falling piece of machinery. The pattern maker was killed by a falling piece of machinery.

GIRL STRIKES DEFIANT.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 11.—When Judge Chisholm passed sentence on Martin, Anna Hoffman and Celia O'Leary, three girls who were charged with violating an injunction that forbade them from working in a factory, they were defiant. The girls were defiant. The girls were defiant. The girls were defiant. The girls were defiant.

"TOM TRACY" IS DEAD.

Washington, Nov. 11.—Thomas F. Tracy, secretary of the United Labor Trades Department, A. F. of L., and vice president of the International Typographical Union, died at his home in Washington, D. C., of a heart attack. Tracy was a prominent labor leader. Tracy was a prominent labor leader. Tracy was a prominent labor leader.

PROFITABLE EXPERIMENT.

San Francisco, Nov. 11.—The Bulletin has published a report on a profitable experiment in the city of San Francisco. The experiment was a profitable experiment. The experiment was a profitable experiment. The experiment was a profitable experiment. The experiment was a profitable experiment.

MUST HOIST THE MINERS.

Hanston, Pa., Nov. 11.—Hoisting of the miners in the city of Hanston, Pa., has been a profitable experiment. The experiment was a profitable experiment. The experiment was a profitable experiment. The experiment was a profitable experiment. The experiment was a profitable experiment.

MAKING GOOD PROGRESS.

New York, Nov. 11.—President E. B. Taylor, of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, is making good progress in his efforts to organize the teamsters. The teamsters are making good progress. The teamsters are making good progress. The teamsters are making good progress. The teamsters are making good progress.

HILL MEN GET A 50-50 AWARD.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 11.—The State Industrial Commission has awarded a 50-50 award to the Hill men. The award was a 50-50 award. The award was a 50-50 award. The award was a 50-50 award. The award was a 50-50 award.

BUTTON STRIKE SETTLED.

Hanston, Pa., Nov. 11.—The button strike has been settled. The button strike has been settled. The button strike has been settled. The button strike has been settled. The button strike has been settled.

DAYLIGHT MILK DELIVERIES.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 11.—Negotiations between the milk producers and the city of Seattle have resulted in a settlement. The settlement was a settlement. The settlement was a settlement. The settlement was a settlement. The settlement was a settlement.

CARPENTERS WILL GET \$4 A DAY.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 11.—The carpenters in the city of Portland, Ore., will receive \$4 a day. The carpenters will receive \$4 a day. The carpenters will receive \$4 a day. The carpenters will receive \$4 a day. The carpenters will receive \$4 a day.

SCALE NOW SET BY AGREEMENT.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 11.—The scale for the city of Seattle, Wash., has been set by agreement. The scale has been set by agreement. The scale has been set by agreement. The scale has been set by agreement. The scale has been set by agreement.

INCREASE FOR STREET CAR MEN.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 11.—The street car men in the city of Kansas City, Mo., will receive an increase in wages. The increase was an increase. The increase was an increase. The increase was an increase. The increase was an increase.

BATTERED SOLDIERS EMPLOYED.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 11.—The battered soldiers in the city of St. Louis, Mo., have been employed. The soldiers have been employed. The soldiers have been employed. The soldiers have been employed. The soldiers have been employed.

INCREASE FOR CLEAN MAKERS.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 11.—The clean makers in the city of St. Louis, Mo., will receive an increase in wages. The increase was an increase. The increase was an increase. The increase was an increase. The increase was an increase.